

CLEARING FOR RESULTS PHASE III Mine Action for Human Development

Quarter 3 Report (July to September 2017)

Project ID: 00096246

Project Duration: 01st March 2016 to 31st December 2019

2017 Project Budget: US\$ 3,223,087

Implementing Partner: Cambodian Mine Action and Victim Assistance

Authority

Country Programme Outcome:

Contribution of the national mine action

programme to the human development of poor

communities

Strategic Plan Output: National and sub-national systems and institutions

enabled to achieve structural transformation of productive capacities that are sustainable and

Table of Contents

| l. | EXECUTIVE SUMMARY | 3 |
|------|---|-----|
| II. | CONTEXT | 4 |
| III. | IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS | 4 |
| Α | A. Progress towards project key deliverables/sub-outputs | 4 |
| | Key Deliverable 1: Mine action policies and strategic frameworks | 4 |
| | Key Deliverable 2: A CMAA mine action programme performance monitoring system exists | 5 |
| | Key Deliverable 3: A minimum of 27 km ² of the total mine/ERW contaminated areas | 6 |
| В | 3. Other project outputs | 7 |
| IV. | PROGRESS TOWARDS COUNTRY PROGRAMME (CPAP) OUTPUT | 9 |
| V. | PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION: Risks/Issues and Challenges | 10 |
| VI. | FINANCIAL STATUS AND UTILIZATION | xi |
| Anr | nex 1. CfR II Final Evaluation – action plan on recommendations | XV |
| Anr | nex 2. Project risk and Issue logs | xix |

ACRONYMS

CMAA Cambodian Mine Action and Victim Assistance Authority

CMAC CMAS Cambodian Mine Action Centre

Cambodian Mine Action Standard

DFAT Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (Australia)

ERW Explosive Remnants of War

IMSMA Information Management System for Mine Action

MAPU Mine Action Planning Unit NMAS National Mine Action Strategy

NPA/DFID project Norwegian Peoples Aid/Department for International Development (UK)

project

PMS Performance Monitoring System
QMT Quality Management Team

SDC Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Following the consultation workshop in May 2017, substantive revisions were made on the draft strategy. This is currently being translated into Khmer and is expected to be approved by the NMAS steering committee at the end of October 2017 and submitted to the Office of the Council of Ministers in early November 2017.

The development of the national mine action Performance Monitoring System (PMS) is on track with key outputs and outcomes of mine action defined by the task force established for this purpose. A technical reference group will be convened to agree on the scope of the PMS and the draft PMS monitoring matrix.

Under clearance, 274 households consisting of 1,078 girls, boys, women and men in Battambang and Banteay Meanchey directly benefited through the release of 2.1 km² of land. Another 2.9 km² of land was released through the Land Reclamation Non-Technical Survey component of the project. Also, 330 new minefields were assessed as part of the baseline survey. At the end of the reporting period, the project has achieved 4.6 km²(53%) of the 2017 clearance target (8.8 km²), and 4.7 km²(72%) of the 2017 land release target (6.6 km²).

The project continued to provide assistance to CMAA and supported the work of the database, public information and quality management, including the development of the Cambodian Mine Action Standards (CMAS) on quality management. The project also continued to support CMAA in implementing the various recommendations coming from the various mine action sector and project reviews conducted in 2016 as well as providing support to the newly established ASEAN Regional Mine Action Centre.

The project remains on track to deliver the expected 2017 outputs.

II. CONTEXT

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the Cambodian Mine Action and Victim Assistance Authority (CMAA), with funding from Australia's Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) and the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC), signed an agreement to implement the project, Clearing for Result III: Mine Action for Human Development (CfRIII: MAfHD) in 2015 and late 2016 respectively. CMAA is the main implementing agency of the Project with UNDP providing technical and advisory support as well as oversight on project implementation.

The Project seeks to support the Government in the development of holistic approaches that could help maximize mine action results on human development: (1) ensuring mine action policies and strategic frameworks are aligned to national and sub-national sectoral policies and planning strategies; (2) developing a CMAA mine action programme performance monitoring system that would deliver quality evidence on sustainable development outcome/impact; and (3) a minimum of 27 square kilometres of the total mine/explosive remnants of war (ERW) contaminated areas located in the most affected and poorest provinces as impact free.

In addition, specific activities for 2017 include: establishing the mine action performance monitoring system; finalizing the national mine action strategy; securing funding for the Project from the Royal Government of Cambodia; begin implementing the recommendations from the project assessments, project CFRII final evaluation and mine action sector reviews conducted in 2016; exploring collaborative opportunities with the ASEAN Regional Mine Action Centre (ARMAC) Executive Director (when appointed); and prepared the Term Reference for conducting a mid-term review of the Project.

This report covers activities of the Project between 01 July to 30 September 2017:

III. IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS

A. Progress towards project key deliverables/sub-outputs

| Key Deliverable 1: Mine action policies and strategic frameworks are aligned to national and sub-national sectorial policies and planning strategies | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Output Indicators | | | | | | | | | |
| National Mine Action Strategy (NMAS) for 2018- 2025 that will align Cambodia to the Maputo +15 declaration is developed | NMAS 2010-2019 | NMAS 2018-2025 is developed and launched | On schedule ¹ : The final draft NMAS 2018- 2025 will be submitted to Council of Minister by early November 2017, and it is expected to be approved by the RGC at the end of the year. | | | | | | |

¹ Colour legend used: Red – no progress/significantly behind schedule; Yellow – potential for delays; Green – on schedule; Blue - completed

National mine action strategy 2018 - 2025

To date, the draft NMAS has been updated to include eight goals and 27 objectives, with the issue of mines, cluster munitions and ERW addressed separately. An exit strategy including how to define the sustainable national capacity to address ERW problem after 2025 is now clearly defined.

The translation of the draft strategy to Khmer has started. It is expected that the final versions (in Khmer and English) will be endorsed by the NMAS Steering Committee by the end of October 2017 and submitted to the Office of the Council of Minister for their review by early November 2017.

| Key Deliverable 2: A CMAA mine action programme performance monitoring system exists that delivers quality evidence on sustainable development outcome/impact | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Output Indicators | Baseline (2015) | Target (2017) | Current Status | | | |
| Mine action sector performance monitoring system (PMS) that links human development and mine action in place | No national mine action sector performance monitoring system in place | PMS developed | On schedule – Final report of the PMS development was developed and approved. Final PMS Monitoring Matrix (with key mine action outputs and outcomes) is expected to complete by December 2017. | | | |

National mine action performance monitoring system

Following the recruitment of the international consultant, Mr. Robert Edward Paterson and the UNDP M&E Specialist, Mr. Sron Samrithea, and the appointment of the CMAA focal person, in the PMS development, Mr. Mr. Vong Vanny, Director of the CMAA Socio-Economic and Planning Department, the PMS development team began its task from early July to mid-August 2017.

Also during the period, the team met with various donors and operators to discuss the need for the system and to understand their practices of data collection and information needs and utilization. The team visited mine action planning units (MAPU) and provincial planning departments in Preah Vihear, Bantey Meanchey, Pailin and Battambang provinces to understand their tasks and practices in planning and prioritization of mine action, and data collection after clearance. The team also met with local development organisations to see if there is any collaboration between mine action organisations and such organisations.

In early September 2017, CMAA created the PMS task force, led by H.E. Prak Sopheap, CMAA Deputy Secretary General responsible for the Socio-Economic, Planning and Database unit, to begin the development of the PMS. An action plan was created which outlined key activities and milestones, the scope and defined key outputs and outcomes of mine action. A very preliminary PMS monitoring matrix has been drafted for an internal review.

A technical reference group will be convened in November to ensure that the PMS will be able to support the sector as needed.

| Key Deliverable 3: A minimum of 27 km² of the total mine/ERW contaminated areas located in the most affected and poorest provinces are impact-free | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Output Indicators Baseline Target (2017) Current Status | | | | | | |
| A baseline impact assessment (BIA) of Priority mine-ERW-impacted areas and villages in the target provinces conducted | 0 | BIA in the target provinces conducted | A recommendation to remove this output was approved by the project board in August 2017. | | | |
| Area (km²) of land cleared from mines annually through local planning process used for human Development | 10.1 km ² | 15.48 km ² (clearance: 8.82 km ² ; LRNTS: 6.66 km ²) | On schedule 9.46 km ² (61%) has been achieved. | | | |

Contract mine action services to clear a minimum of 27 km² in areas located among the most affected and poorest provinces from the impact of Mines/ERW by the CMAA.

Table 1: Land release targets and outputs (as of September 2017)

| Clearance component | 2016 contract | 2017 contract | 2018 contract | 2019 contract | TOTAL |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|
| Target (km²) | 8.25 | 8.82 | 8.12 | 5.65 | 30.84 |
| Actual (km²) | 10.11 | 4.69 | - | ı | 14.80 |
| Percentage | 123% | 53% | 0% | 0% | 48% |
| LRNTS+BLS component | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | TOTAL |
| Target (km²) | - | 6.66 | 6.67 | 6.67 | 20 |
| Actual (km²) | - | 4.77 | - | ı | 4.77 |
| Percentage | - | 72% | 0% | 0% | 24% |
| Consolidated figures | | | | | |
| Target (km²) | 8.25 | 15.48 | 14.79 | 12.32 | 50.84 |
| Actual (km²) | 10.11 | 9.46 | - | ı | 19.57 |
| Percentage | 123% | 61% | 0% | 0% | 38% |

During the reporting period, 2.1 km² of mine/ERW affected land in Battambang and Banteay Meanchey were released through clearance for productive use.

Land released through clearance during the reporting period directly benefited 274 households and 1,078 girls, boys, women and men living in these areas. During clearance operations, 376 anti-personnel mines, two anti-tank mines and 491 items of ERW were found and destroyed. Table 2 presents a breakdown of the beneficiaries.

Table 2: CfR III land release beneficiaries (July to Sep 2017)

| Type of Land | Area (km²) | Number of Beneficiaries | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Use | | Number of Households | Number of People | Number of Women | Number of PwD | | | |
| Agriculture and Housing | 2.1 | 45 | 195 | 95 | 0 | | | |
| Infrastructure | | 229 | 883 | 427 | 11 | | | |
| Total | 2.1 | 274 | 1,078 | 522 | 11 | | | |

The 2017 Pailin tender has been re- advertised. A pre-bid meeting was held in September for potential bidders to raise issues/concerns they may have. The bidding will close in October and it is aimed to award the contract by December 2017.

Land Reclamation Non-Technical Survey and Baseline Survey (LRNTS-BLS)

The Cambodia Mine Action Center (CMAC) was contracted to deliver the land reclamation non-technical survey and baseline survey (LRNTS+BLS) component of the project. CMAC operations led to an area of 2.9 km² released and the discovery of 330 new minefields.

Table 3: Areas released through LRNTS-BLS (July to September 2017)

| Total | | Total | |
|--|---------|-------|----------|
| Total | Polygon | km² | Released |
| BLS polygons visited | 1,489 | 121 | |
| BLS polygons fully released | 66 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| BLS polygons partly released | 26 | 2.7 | 1 |
| BLS polygons not released | 1,397 | 116 | |
| New BLS polygons discovered | 330 | 51 | |
| Total land released from April to September 2017 (km²) | | | 4.8 |
| Target (km²) | | | 6.66 |
| Percentage (delivery against target) | | | 72% |

B. Other project outputs

❖ Support to the development of CMAS on quality management

The project worked with the Norwegian People's Aid/DFID capacity building project and delivered training on quality management in mine action. The training aimed to strengthen the quality of quality management work in the field and to ensure that technical findings are rated appropriately and consistently. As a result, a guide on rating non-conformity was produced for use by the quality management teams.

Implementation of 2016 project Assessments, project Evaluation and the Mine Action Sector review

The project supported Mine sector reviews, the CFRII final review and the assessments and studies in 2016. Implementation of the recommendations made outlined below:

a. Gender mainstreaming in mine action plan

With on-going technical support from UNDP project staff, the CMAA Gender Working Group has finalized the draft of GMAP 2018-2022, and its Monitoring and Evaluation Framework. These materials will be put for future review and discussion at the next working group meeting in December 2017 before they are placed for a final endorsement of the CMAA's management.

b. CfR II final evaluation

The Project is continuing to review/implement the various findings and recommendations. An update on these are seen in Annex 1 of the report.

c. Mine Action Sector review and environmental and social impact assessment

The Project continued to support CMAA in developing an action plan of environmental mainstreaming into mine action, and in drafting of the CMAS on environmental impact mitigation of mine/ERW clearance.

❖ Monitoring

The project continued to support the monitoring missions conducted by CMAA to ensure that work delivered was of quality.

a. Quality Management of demining activities

The project continues to support the work of CMAA quality management teams. The teams reported the following:

Table 4: Quality Assurance Inspections from July to September 2017

| Location | Number of QA | N | Suspended | | |
|--------------|--------------|-----|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Inspections | | Major (%) | Critical (%) | operation |
| CfRIII Sites | 20 | 15% | 5% | 0% | 0% |
| Sector | 292 | 16% | 1% | 0% | 0% |

The major non-compliances found include: documentation (absence of clearance requests in minefield); lack of UXO signage in the ERW field; inappropriate technique used in vegetation clearance; incorrect boundary marking; and inappropriate marking of identified mine spots. The QMT reported these issues to operator who were immediately able to rectify these non-compliance reports.

Support to the CMAA Database

The project continued to support the CMAA database unit to ensure the accurate and complete recording of mine clearance data in the Information Management System for Mine Action (IMSMA).

During the reporting period, 517 baseline survey records, 186 land release records, 1,129 explosive ordnance disposal records, five accident records and five victim records were entered in IMSMA.

❖ Communications

With technical support from the project team, the public relations department of CMAA uploaded 15 stories, two press releases and two advertisements on the CMAA website. Twenty posts on Facebook were also made.

Capacity Development

UNDP/CFRIII team in collaboration with NPA/DFID project has provided capacity building support to CMAA in development of the new Cambodia Mine Action Standard on Quality Management. The UNDP team also conducted 3 workshops on Logical Model of Mine Action and PMS Monitoring Framework (Matrix) to CMAA/PMS Task Force.

These capacity building efforts have enhanced the CMAA capacity to deliver the three key project deliverables, and have strengthened working relationship and communication between the UNDP team, NPA/DFID project and CMAA team.

IV. PROGRESS TOWARDS COUNTRY PROGRAMME (CPAP) OUTPUT

The relevant CPAP Output is as follows:

Country Programme Output 1.5: Institutional measures are in place to strengthen the contribution of the national mine action programme to the human development of poor communities.

CPD Indicator 1.5.1: The extent to which mechanisms measure and facilitate the development impact of mine action.

All three key deliverables are directed to strengthen CMAA management of the mine action sector especially in terms of human development in areas impacted by the presence of mines and ERW. Technical and advisory support provided by the Project contributes to CMAA better managing the sector as evidenced by CMAA taking the lead in the NMAS process, CMAA representing Cambodia in various fora with presentations well received and CMAA managing the successful delivery of clearance projects, among others.

| Key deliverables | Contribution to Output 1.5 |
|--|---|
| Key Deliverable 1: Mine action policies and strategic frameworks are aligned to national and sub-national sectorial policies and planning strategies | Progress towards Country Programme Output 1.5 under indicator 1.5.1 will be assessed at the end of 2017 |
| Key Deliverable 2: A CMAA mine action programme performance monitoring system exists that delivers quality evidence on sustainable development outcome/impact | Progress towards Country Programme Output 1.5 under indicator 1.5.1 will be assessed at the end of 2017 |
| Key Deliverable 3: A minimum of 27 Km ² of the total mine/ERW contaminated areas located in the most affected and poorest provinces are impact-free | Progress towards Country Programme Output 1.5 under indicator 1.5.1 will be assessed at the end of 2017 |

V. PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION: Risks/Issues and Challenges

Risks and Issues are being monitored and mitigation measures are updated. Current project risks are seen in Annex 2 of this report.

VI. FINANCIAL STATUS AND UTILIZATION

The following tables in this section show the Project's interim financial status for the period. Please note that this is for information purposes only and is not a certified financial report.

Table 5: Donor Contribution Overview

| Donor Name | Committed Fund | F | Received Fund | Balance Fund to be | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Dollof Name | 2016-2019 (G02) | 2016 | 2017 | Total | received |
| Australian Agency for International Development (00055_AUL) | 6,532,977 | 2,845,928 | 1,497,006 | 4,342,934 | 2,190,043 |
| Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (10282_SDC) | 3,500,000 | 840,000 | 1,053,000 | 1,893,000 | 1,607,000 |
| United Nations Development Programme (00012_UNDP) | 479,355 | 99,355 | 280,000 | 479,355 | (0) |
| Total | 10,512,332 | 3,885,283 | 3,223,087 | 6,715,289 | 3,797,043 |

Table 6: Fund Disbursement vs Fund Receipt

| D No | Disbursed Fund | | D-I | Delivery | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Donor Name | Received Fund (G02) | 2016 | 2017 (Q1+Q2+Q3) | Total | Balance | Rate (%) |
| Australian Agency for International Development (00055_AUL) | 4,342,934 | 2,185,781 | 849,372 | 3,035,154 | 1,307,780 | 70% |
| Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (10282_SDC) | 1,893,000 | - | 674,910 | 674,910 | 1,218,090 | 36% |
| United Nations Development Programme (00012_UNDP) | 479,355 | 199,355 | 181,401 | 380,756 | 98,599 | 79% |
| Total | 6,715,289 | 2,385,136 | 1,705,685 | 4,090,821 | 2,624,469 | 61% |

TABLE 7: FUND DISBURSEMENT VS FUND ALLOCATION 2017

| Donor Name | Allocated Fund | 2017 | isbursed Fund | Total | Balance | Delivery |
|---|----------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| | 2017 (G02) | (Q1+Q2) | (Q3) | (Q1+Q2+Q3) | | Rate (%) |
| Australian Agency for International Development (00055_AUL) | 1,402,064 | 226,776 | 622,597 | 849,373 | 552,691 | 61% |
| Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (10282_SDC) | 1,541,022 | 767,542 | (92,632) | 674,910 | 866,112 | 44% |
| United Nations Development Programme (00012_UNDP) | 280,000 | 9,341 | 172,060 | 181,401 | 98,599 | 65% |
| Total | 3,223,087 | 1,003,659 | 702,025 | 1,705,685 | 1,517,402 | 53% |

TABLE 8: DISBURSEMENT BY ACTIVITY AND KEY DELIVERABLE FROM JULY TO SEPTEMBER 2017

| Activity Description | Approved Budget 2017 (G02) | Quarter 3 Disbursement | Delivery Rate (%) |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Activity 1: Develop a National Mine Action Strategy for 2017-2025 that will align Cambodia to the Maputo + 15 declaration | 50,797 | 6,793 | 13% |
| Key Delivery 1: | 50,797 | 6,793 | 13% |
| Activity 2: Establish a CMAA mine action programme performance monitoring system that links human development and mine action | 112,549 | 44,228 | 39% |
| Activity 3: ToT for collection & reporting the new set of indications for the mine action sector | 21,600 | - | 0% |
| Activity 4: Strengthen the CMAA's International and National Participation in relevant for a | 46,440 | (166) | 0% |
| Key Delivery 2: | 180,589 | 44,062 | 24% |

| TOTAL AWARD | 3,223,087 | 702,025 | 22% |
|--|-----------|---------|-----|
| Key Delivery 3: | 2,991,701 | 651,170 | 22% |
| Activity 7: General Operation Support to project implementation | 661,147 | 113,602 | 19% |
| Activity 6: Contract mine action services clear a minimum of 27 km2 in areas located among the most affected and poorest provinces from the impact of mines/ERW by the CMAA. Project Management Support | 2,120,586 | 505,212 | 24% |
| Activity 5: Implementation of the Capacity Development Plan | 209,967 | 32,356 | 15% |

Table 9: Disbursement by Activity and Key Deliverable from January to September 2017

| Activity Description | Approved Budget 2017 (G02) | Disbursement (Q1+Q2) | Disbursement (Q3) | Total Disbursement Q1+Q2+Q3 | Balance | Delivery Rate (%) |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------------|
| Activity 1: Develop a National Mine Action Strategy for 2017-2025 that will align Cambodia to the Maputo + 15 declaration | 50,797 | 1,538 | 6,793 | 8,331 | 42,466 | 16% |
| Key Delivery 1: | 50,797 | 1,538 | 6,793 | 8,331 | 42,466 | 16% |
| Activity 2: Establish a CMAA mine action programme performance monitoring system that links human development and mine action | 112,549 | 27,259 | 44,229 | 71,487 | 41,062 | 64% |
| Activity 3: ToT for collection & reporting the new set of indications for the mine action sector | 21,600 | - | - | - | 21,600 | 0% |
| Activity 4: Strengthen the CMAA's International and National Participation in relevant fora | 46,440 | 16,935 | (166) | 16,769 | 29,671 | 36% |

| Key Delivery 2: | 180,589 | 44,194 | 44,062 | 88,256 | 92,333 | 49% |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----|
| Activity 5: Implementation of the Capacity Development Plan | 209,967 | 106,898 | 32,356 | 139,254 | 70,713 | 66% |
| Activity 6: Contract mine action services clear a minimum of 27 km2 in areas located among the most affected and poorest provinces from the impact of mines/ERW by the CMAA. Project Management Support | 2,120,586 | 596,478 | 505,212 | 1,101,690 | 1,018,896 | 52% |
| Activity 7: General Operation Support to project implementation | 661,147 | 254,551 | 113,602 | 368,153 | 292,994 | 56% |
| Key Delivery 3: | 2,991,701 | 957,927 | 651,170 | 1,609,097 | 1,382,604 | 54% |
| TOTAL AWARD | 3,223,087 | 1,003,659 | 702,025 | 1,705,684 | 1,517,402 | 53% |

Annex 1. CfR II Final Evaluation – action plan on recommendations

* Status: (Not Initiated, Initiated, Completed, and No Longer Applicable)

| Recommendations | Management Response | Key Action(s) | Responsible Parties | Time Frame | Status* | Comments (updated in July 2017) |
|---|---------------------|--|------------------------|---------------|-----------|---|
| 16 recommendations for UNDF | | | | | | |
| 1.Consider funding further non-technical survey through CMAA in the new project. | Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP will encourage CMAA to allocate budget to implement LRNTS+BLS every year in 2017 | UNDP | Dec 2017 | Completed | An operator was contracted to implement this project in target provinces |
| 2.Contract a technically competent third party operator to verify recent re-survey work. | Agreed | Identify and contract qualified third party to conduct the assessment of existing land release procedures and new mined area identification, and provide possible recommendations; This in close consultation with CMAA and UNDP teams. | UNDP and CMAA | Dec 2017 | Initiated | Following discussions, CMAA took the responsibility of re- verification. R&M of the CMAA conducted a verification field trip in October 2017. The report from CMAA remains pending submission to UNDP. |
| 3.Review the structural and institutional position of the MAPUs within the system of Cambodian national governance of mine action coordination, and the degree to which this affects their effectiveness. Formulate a plan to address any gaps identified in MAPU performance in planning and prioritisation, including (as | Partially Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP project team in collaboration with program team will discuss with CMAA the best approach to strengthen partnership with MAPU, including possible review of the MAPU role and utilized processes to increase efficiency of planning and prioritisation support to the project and the sector overall | UNDP and CMAA | Dec 2018 | Initiated | Ongoing discussions with CMAA and MAPU. A workshop led by CMAA, participated by MAPUs and operators with support from UNDP and DFID/NPA was held in October 2017 to identify areas to be improved to make planning and prioritization more |

| Recommendations | Management Response | Key Action(s) | Responsible | Time | Status* | Comments |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------|----------|-----------|---------------------------|
| | | | Parties | Frame | | (updated in July 2017) |
| required) a capacity | | | | | | effective. Individual and |
| development plan. | | | | | | group feedbacks |
| | | | | | | received. |
| | | | | | | Workshop on planning |
| | | | | | | and prioritization |
| | | | | | | conducted in October |
| | | | | | | 2017. |
| 4.Ensure more effective | Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP project | UNDP | 2017 | Completed | Clearance tasks included |
| independent monitoring, not | | team will review clearance | | | | in RFP were reviewed by |
| just of the technical quality of | | tasks proposed by MAPU for | | | | SEPD staff and project |
| land release, but also of the | | inclusion in RFP to ensure | | | | team. |
| more general management of | | high priority tasks requested | | | | |
| the multi-stakeholder process | | by communities are included. | | | | |
| of land release at sub-national | | | | | | |
| level, in particular paying close | | The UNDP project team will | | | | |
| attention to the bottom-up | | furthermore encourage CMAA | | | | |
| elements of prioritization, | | to task SEPD with the regular | | | | |
| planning and task allocation to | | monitoring of MAPU planning | | | | |
| operators. | | process to ensure high priority tasks selected for sector | | | | |
| | | clearance work plans. | | | | |
| 5.Use the data sets generated | Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP project | UNDP | Dec 2018 | Initiated | Weighing system using |
| from this evaluation's field | Agreed | team will take into | ONDI | Dec 2010 | initiated | existing datasets used to |
| work, the household study and | | consideration existing | | | | select priority villages |
| if possible other outcomes | | datasets in order to insure | | | | targeted for clearance in |
| studies, including both studies | | effectiveness and capitalize | | | | 2018 developed. This will |
| from 2013 referred to in this | | previous efforts when | | | | factor in into the |
| report, as the basis for further | | developing a performance | | | | performance monitoring |
| longitudinal studies on the | | monitoring system that links | | | | system and as part of the |
| impact of mines and mine | | human development and | | | | national mine action |
| action. | | mine action. And also when | | | | strategy. |
| | | establishing the baseline | | | | |
| | | impact assessment. | | | | |

| Recommendations | Management Response | Key Action(s) | Responsible Parties | Time Frame | Status* | Comments (updated in July 2017) |
|--|--|---|------------------------|---------------|------------------|---|
| | | | | | | Formal system to be included in the planning and priorisation system. |
| 6.Fund and undertake an impact survey at the start of the next phase of UNDP support to the CMAA to develop an evidence base for prioritization and planning, and to strengthen the capacity of MAPUs. | Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP project team will conduct an impact survey to identify priority villages/communes to target clearance from 2017 to 2019 | UNDP | Dec 2017 | Completed | Priority villages in the target provinces identified for 2018 clearance. |
| 7.Develop a new national strategic plan that seeks not only to deliver APMBT obligations, but that also maximizes the impact of annual mine action work undertaken in the short term is needed. | Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP will help CMAA to develop a new NMAS 2107-2025 that aims to release all known mined areas by 2025 and targeting the most impacted communities first | UNDP | Dec 2017 | <u>Initiated</u> | With support from UNDP and DFID/NPA, the CMAA is finalizing the NMAS and it is being translated in Khmer for submission to the Office of the Council of Ministers for scrutiny in Nov 2017. |
| 8.Review with CMAA both its internal capacity (functionality) AND its intra-institutional level (political) challenges in fulfilling its role; develop and implement a programme of UNDP support during the future project that addresses these findings in a coherent way that also compliments the advice and support received by other stakeholders providing support to CMAA | Partly agreed (here are recommendations quoted from the sector review report: "The review does not recommend modifying the existing management and coordination structure of the sector as it would be considered as counterproductive while the programme is reaching its final stage at the 2025 horizon. The legal inconsistency between the CMAA Royal Decree (2000) | Under CFRIII, UNDP project team will encourage CMAA to seek legal advice and address legal inconsistency between the CMAA Royal Decree (2000) and the Law Against Landmines (1999). | UNDP | Dec 2017 | Initiated | For discussion with CMAA. Discussions held with Norwegian People's Aid (NPA), funded by UK DFID. NPA also supports capacity development within CMAA. Discussions held on complementing the work of the two organisations and avoiding overlap. Initial discussions with CMAA have led to an |

| Recommendations | Management Response | Key Action(s) | Responsible Parties | Time Frame | Status* | Comments (updated in July 2017) |
|---|---|--|------------------------|---------------|-----------|---|
| | and the Law against landmines (1999) should be resolved to avoid further distraction from non-essential issues.") | | | | | understanding that this is not the time to resolve the inconsistencies. |
| 9.Plan for a residual and reactive response capacity (perhaps centred on the police EOD units that are already in receipt of RGC funding). [Rephrased by team to simplify unclear formulation from consultant: When the known mines areas are fully cleared, we enter into residual clearance stage. Therefore, the RGC needs to plan and designate in advance the responsible party in charge of dealing with residual ERW's and remaining mines to be removed.] 10. Develop a resource mobilization plan to support the new national plan to deliver a revised CMAS, as recommended above. | Agreed | Under CFRIII, UNDP project team will help CMAA to develop a new NMAS 2017-2025 that considers national capacity to address residual contamination and that contains resource mobilization plan | UNDP | Dec 2017 | Initiated | Residual capacity assessment and development is already part of the NMAS 2018- 2025. UNDP working with the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining through their Management of Residual ERW (MORE) project. |

Annex 2. Project risk and Issue logs

| Risk/Event | Risk | Risk | Impact | Probability | Impact | Risk Management / Mitigation |
|---|-------------|----------|---|-------------|---------|---|
| | Category | Rating | | (1 - 5) | (1 - 5) | |
| Delays in the identification of priority villages for 2017 procurement | Operational | Low | Delays in the delivery of 2017 clearance projects | 3 | 2 | CfRIII working with CMAA and MAPU through government structures to identify villages |
| Major non-conformities in contractor standard operating procedures and in Cambodian Mine Action Standards lead to accidents | Operational | Moderate | Loss of confidence by donors in CMAA QMT procedures | 3 | 3 | Continuing monitoring by QMTs and recommendations to contractors to increase internal QM and refresher training |
| CMAA restructuring impacts on CfRIII team | Operational | Moderate | Staff movement may impact the project delivery and the project's capacity development work. | 3 | 3 | Advocacy with CMAA leadership on a moratorium in reshuffling CMAA project staff until the end of CfRIII |
| Shortfall in CfRIII budget | Operational | Moderate | Shortfall will decrease funds allocated to support various operations within CMAA | 3 | 3 | Advocacy with CMAA leadership to secure government cost sharing |
| Delay in finalising the National Mine Action Strategy | Political | High | Loss of donor confidence and/or delays in the processes needed for the extension request under Article 5 of the APMBC | 4 | 5 | Advocacy with CMAA leadership |
| Issues with CMAA procurement processes | Operational | High | Project output on clearance will be impacted and donor lose confidence. | 2 | 5 | Continuing advocacy with CMAA on procurement standards and principles to maintain donor confidence |
| Government cost sharing is not secured | Political | Moderate | Project outputs outside of Key Deliverable 3 will be impacted | 3 | 5 | CMAA, UNDP and donors continue to advocate with RGC for cost sharing contributions to CfRIII |

| Issue ID | Date raised | Status | Issue description (including the cause) | Impact analysis | Priority | Response recommendation | Decision | Issue Actionee | Response outcome | Closure date | Comment/updates |
|----------|----------------|--------|--|---|----------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| 2017001 | 14 Mar | Open | Consolidated responses made by international mine action operators, GICHD and UNDP not received and incorporated into the NMAS | NMAS addresses general issues and will not be a "strong" commitment by the RGC on mine action | High | UNDP team to continue working on incorporating NMAS | | MA Specialist | | | Ongoing, NMAS draft in progress |
| 2017002 | 21 Mar | Closed | Input for UNDP Communications Team not accepted as per their template/ideas | Comms not updated with information on project | Medium | Coordination with Comms Team | Comms will work with Project Team | MA Specialist | Input provided on a regular basis | Mar 17 | |

| Issue ID | Date raised | Status | Issue description (including the cause) | Impact analysis | Priority | Response recommendation | Decision | Issue Actionee | Response outcome | Closure date | Comment/updates |
|----------|----------------|--------|---|---|----------|--|----------|-------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2017003 | 29 Mar | Closed | NMAS workshop co-sponsored with US Embassy may lead to non-acceptance by RGC. | Key deliverable on NMAS delayed | High | Coordination with country office and CMAA | | MA Specialist | Coordination led to RGC sponsoring event | May 17 | |
| 2017004 | 06 Apr | Closed | UNDP communication with CMAA on number of QMT supported due to policy as well as funding available | UNDP as a partner of CMAA impacted | Medium | Coordination with CMAA senior management | | MA Specialist | QMT reduced as per project board decision | Jun 17 | |
| 2017005 | 07 Apr | Open | DFAT Partner Performance Assessment for 2017 on UNDP shows a rating of "4" or adequate | Donor/s lose/s confidence in UNDP | High | Coordination with CMAA senior management | | MA Specialist | | | |
| 2017006 | 20 Apr | Closed | NMAS workshop postponed due to political reasons and impacting on US-Cambodia relationship - UNDP being drawn in. | UNDP as a partner of CMAA impacted | High | Coordination with country office and CMAA | | MA Specialist | Coordination led to RGC sponsoring event | May 17 | |
| 2017007 | 26 Apr | Closed | New date for postponed NMAS workshop not agreed on by major stakeholders | KD delayed | High | Coordination with country office and CMAA | | MA Specialist | Coordination led to RGC sponsoring event | May 17 | |
| 2017008 | 01 May | Closed | Delays in procurement process of the Pailin clearance contract due to slow approval within CMAA structure. | Project delivery delayed | High | Work with CMAA to resolve this issue | | | Pailin contract cancelled | 07 Jul | |
| 2017009 | 03 May | Closed | ARMAC interim ED not receiving support as required | Support to ARMAC under CfRIII delayed | Medium | | | MA Specialist | ARMAC secured building by 10 Jul, pending funds | 10 Jul | |
| 2017010 | 05 May | Open | Implementation of management respones to CfRII Final evaluation delayed | Donor/s lose/s confidence in UNDP | Medium | Coordination with CMAA senior management | | CfRIII team | Management responeses ongoing | | |
| 2017011 | 09 May | Closed | No UN global MRE app available other than UNMAS mine/ERW. New innovative ideas needed for Cambodian context. | Donor/s lose/s confidence in UNDP | Medium | Coordination with CMAA senior management | | CfRIII team | Concept note developed and submitted to donors for approval. | Aug 17 | |
| 2017012 | 15 May | Closed | SDC and DFAT made aware of HALO statement on 30 per cent of land released does not have any AP mine contamination. | Donor/s lose/s confidence in UNDP | High | Analysis of minefields cleared included in reports | | CfRIII team | | 10 Jul | |
| 2017013 | 16 May | Closed | Delays in NMAS development due to inability of GP1 - Operations unable to meet/resolve identified issues. | Key deliverable on NMAS delayed | High | Work with CMAA to manage the issue | | CfRIII team | CMAA took lead in consolidating comments. | Aug 17 | |

| Issue ID | Date raised | Status | Issue description (including the cause) | Impact analysis | Priority | Response recommendation | Decision | Issue Actionee | Response outcome | Closure date | Comment/updates |
|----------|----------------|--------|--|--|----------|--|----------|-------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| 2017014 | 16 May | Open | Removal of RGC commitment to provide domestic resources to NMAS leads to decrease in donor interest/commitment to support the NMAS | Decrease in donor confidence/support to mine action | High | Coordination with CMAA senior management | | MA Specialist | Donor coordination group meeting to discuss ways to encourage RGC | | |
| 2017015 | 16 May | Closed | Identification of venue for donors to coordinate efforts - donor coordination group (outside of TWG-MA) | Increased awareness by donors of ongoing issues and ways to support mine action | High | Coordination with country office | | MA Specialist | Donor coordination meeting called - donors agreed on need for regular coordination | Aug 17 | |
| 2017016 | 17 May | Open | Number of square meters released under LRNTS+BLS component is lower than projected as new information collected confirms SHA size. | Key deliverable on land released is lower than expected. | High | Work with CMAA and Contractor to manage the issue. | | CfRIII team | | | |
| 2017017 | 17 May | Closed | Office space for PMS team within CMAA premises | PMS team unable to work at CMAA | Low | Coordination with CMAA | | CfRIII team | Space for PMS team allocated | 18 May | |
| 2017018 | 17 May | Closed | Minutes of the December 2016 Project Board Meeting not yet signed by VP1 | Audit finding | Low | Coordination with CMAA senior management | | CfRIII team | Minutes signed with annotation. | Jun 17 | |
| 2017019 | 12 Jun | Closed | CMAA actions to resolve Pailin tender issues | Key deliverable delayed and CMAA as a credible partner questioned | High | Coordination with country office and CMAA | | MA Specialist | HALO withdrew bid | 03 Jul | |
| 2017020 | 20 Jun | Closed | PMS consultant too early - NMAS and national ME consultant not ready | Key deliverable on PMS delayed | Medium | Coordination with country office | | MA Specialist | ME consultant recruited | 03 Jul | |
| 2017021 | 29 Jun | Closed | Briefing on actions taken to resolve Pailin tender | Donors aware of issues surrounding Pailin tender | High | Coordination with country office and CMAA | | MA Specialist | Pailin project list updated, border areas not- included. | 09 Aug | |
| 2017022 | 30 Jun | Closed | HALO receives call from CMAA to withdraw | Key deliverable delayed and CMAA as a credible partner questioned | High | Coordination with country office and CMAA | | MA Specialist | HALO withdrew bid | 03 Jul | MA Sector facing challenges in leadership which may impact on donor confidence |
| 2017023 | 14 Jul | Open | CMAA letter to UNDP Resident Representative | UNDP partnership with CMAA impacted | Low | Coordination with country office | | MA Specialist | Dialogue with VP1 | Aug 17 | |

| Issue ID | Date raised | Status | Issue description (including the cause) | Impact analysis | Priority | Response recommendation | Decision | Issue Actionee | Response outcome | Closure date | Comment/updates |
|----------|----------------|--------|--|---|----------|--|----------|-------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2017024 | 08 Aug | Closed | PMS taskforce leadership declined by selected CMAA DSG | PMS delivery delayed | Medium | Coordination with CMAA SG | | MA Specialist | Task force leadership accepted | Aug 17 | |
| 2017025 | 09 Aug | Closed | Pailin mienfield visit | No clearance conducted in border areas | Medium | Coordination with MAPU | | CfRIII team | No priority village identified in the border zone. | Aug 17 | |
| 2017026 | 10 Aug | Closed | Support to ARMAC hindered with death of appointed Executive Director | Support to ARMAC under CfRIII delayed | Low | Coordination with ARMAC/Secretariat | | MA Specialist | New executive director appointed. Continue working with ARMAC interim director | Oct 17 | |
| 2017027 | 14 Aug | Closed | Consultant recommendation on baseline impact assessment | ProDoc impacted, resources saved | High | Coordination with Project Board | | MA Specialist | Recommendation accepted during mid-year project board meeting. | Aug 17 | |
| 2017028 | 14 Aug | Closed | CMAA SG request for support to MAPU | Support to MAPUs - cooperation increased | Low | Funding allocated to MAPUs | | MA Specialist | No funding to MAPUs agreed on by donors, UNDP to seek funds from savings, cover with TRAC | 18 Aug | |
| 2017029 | 16 Aug | Closed | TRAC allocation to CfRIII | Shortfall decreased | High | 260K TRAC allocation to CfRIII | | MA Specialist | ACD-P agreeement | 18 Aug | |
| 2017030 | 18 Aug | Closed | CMAA participation to project board meeting - limit numbers | Donors disappointed - seen as lack of efficency in terms of CMAA | Medium | | | | Numbers limited | Aug 17 | |
| 2017031 | 28 Sep | Closed | DFAT Partner Performance Assessment for 2017 management response letter may impact on political standing and support received from CfRIII project director | Delays in project implementation | High | UNDP/DFAT to send letters in support of CfRIII project director | | MA Specialist | UNDP/DFAT letters released | Oct 17 | |